

**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ARMENIA**

**RESOLUTION**

# 237-N Of March 13, 2003

**On Establishment Of The List Of Critical, Important And General Purposes  
Facilities In The Field Of Seismic Protection**

In correspondence with paragraph “C” of article 7 of the Law “On seismic protection” the Government of the Republic of Armenia decides:

1. Establish the list of critical and important purposes facilities in the field of seismic protection.
2. Establish that the facilities off the list of critical and important facilities are subject to general purposes facilities.
3. To the heads of state management bodies, governors and mayor of the Yerevan city in two months to provide to Emergency Management Administration the list of critical and important facilities in the field of seismic protection.
4. Resolution comes into force on the next day of official publication.

**Prime-Minister of the  
Republic of Armenia**

**A. MARGARYAN**

**March 18, 2003  
Yerevan**

**Annex  
to the Resolution  
of the Government of RA  
#237 of March 13, 2003**

List

**of critical and important facilities in Armenia**

1. Critical facilities are those which ensure the sustainable development of the country and disaster management, and operation disruption of those facilities could lead to unpredictable consequences for population and environment.

Critical facilities are as follows:

- a. Armenian NNP.
- b. Nairit-Ransat CJSC chemical plant ;
- c. Large reservoirs with dam height of 15 m and more and capacity of 1million and more cub m.;
- d. Voratan-Arpa-Sevan tunnel;
- e. Facilities where the hazardous materials (500 kg and more) are produced and used, or stored;
- f. “Zvartnots”, “Shirak” and “Stepanavan” airports;
- g. Underground named after Karen Demirchyan;
- h. Buildings and structures of army forces;
- i. State ownership telecenters and towers, communication buildings and structures;
  - i.a. State protected buildings and structures;
  - i.b. Buildings and structures of foreign embassies and representations;
  - i.c. Banks and Court buildings.

2. Important facilities are those which ensure population sustainable livelihood as well as those incorporated 100 or more people at a time.

Important facilities are as follows:

- a. Hydro and heat power stations (25 mw and more);
- b. buildings and structures of power supply and engineering infrastructure;
- c. Inter-state and republican high ways and railways, tunnels, viaducs bridges as well as rail-and auto transport stations;
- d. high pressure gas pipelines and stores, reservoirs (500 cub. m and more): waterlines and tunnels with a debit of 1 cub.m/sec and more, water gathering structures, sweat water, wastewater cleaning stations, pump stations and water systems (aqueducts, tunnels, high pressure pipelines etc.);
- e. mills (50 tones per day), bakeries (5000 kg per day and more);
- f. regional heatstations and boiling stations with the productivity more than 10 giga cal per hour.
- g. agricultural, industrial and mining buildings and structures.
- h. hospitals, sanatoriums, rest houses and hotels, and motels with the accommodation 300 people and more;
- i. educational institutions including schools, orphanages and houses for disabled people with the accommodation 300 and more people;
- j. sport grounds with attendance of 5000 and more people, multi purpose sporting halls, indoor swimming pools;
- k. trade centers, markets and department stores with a room of 2000 square m and more.
- l. objects of public meals, restaurants, bars with capacity of 200 seats and more;
- m. museums, show rooms with a room of 1000 sq. m and more;

- n. libraries, archives with 1 mln and more items;
- o. cultural centers, theaters, circuses, cinema buildings with 300 and more seats;
- p. multi-story (4 and more) residential buildings;
- q. production facilities with 300 and more people working at a time;
- r. churches and monasteries.

Minister –Head  
of Administration  
Government of RA

**M. TOPUZYAN**